

E **F** **G** **H** **I** **J** **K** **L** **M** **N** **O** **P** **Q** **R** **S** **T** **U** **V** **W** **X** **Y** **Z**

It is known that in the case of an interruption in the input of vapor or steam into a condenser a liquid film, which covers the heat exchanging space, is formed during condensation. The resistance to the heat exchange from one media to another is increased. Accordingly, the method of input of steam or vapors to the condenser is an important factor in the effectiveness of the condensation process. At the beginning of the process it is necessary to condense the greatest amount of vapor or steam. Some time later this quantity of vapor or steam is reduced because of the decreasing rate of heat transferring into the cooling or heating system. The final step of the process requires some reduction of the input of vapor or steam. To increase the effectiveness of the condensing process an adjustment is needed in the input of steam or vapor into the condenser.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

According to the present invention the optimum function of a condenser during the

According to the second embodiment of the present invention the temperature controller compares the value of the temperature of condensation in the steam or vapor input line to the temperature in the condenser. When the controlling device is opened, a portion of steam or vapor enters the condenser and the pressure is reduced in the steam or vapor input line of the condenser. The temperature controller compares the temperature of the condenser in a steam or vapor input line to the temperature level assigned in the set point adjuster. If that value is equal to the set point the controlling device is closed. At the same time when the controlling device is closed, the temperature is increased in the steam or vapor input line. If the temperature of the steam or vapor in the input line becomes equal to the temperature level assigned in the set point adjuster, the controlling device is opened.

According to the third embodiment of the present invention the pressure controller compares the value of the pressure of the condensation being drawn off from the condenser with the value assigned at the set point adjuster. A portion of steam or vapor enters the condenser through the open controlling device installed on the steam or vapor input line of the condenser. The pressure is increased in the line drawing off the condensation from the condenser. The pressure controller compares the value of the pressure in the line drawing off the condensation from condenser to the value assigned in the set point adjuster. If that value is equal to the set point, the controlling device is closed. At the same time when the controlling device is closed the pressure is reduced in the line drawing off the condensation from the condenser. If the value of the pressure in the line drawing off the condensation from the condenser becomes equal to the value assigned in the set point adjuster, the controlling device is opened.

According to the fourth embodiment of the present invention the temperature controller compares the temperature of condensation in the line drawing off from the condenser with the temperature level assigned in the set point adjuster. A portion of steam or vapor enters the condenser through the open controlling device installed on the steam or vapor input line of the condenser. The temperature is increased in the line drawing off the condensation from the condenser. The temperature controller compares the temperature in the line drawing off the condensation from the condenser to the value assigned in the set point adjuster. If that value is equal to the set point, the controlling device is closed. At the same time when the controlling device is closed, the temperature is reduced in the line drawing off condensation from the condenser. If the temperature in the line becomes equal to the temperature level assigned in the set point adjuster, the

DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

FIG. 4 shows a condenser unit in accordance with the fourth embodiment of the present invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING

The following is a detailed description of the best presently known mode of carrying out the invention. This description is not being taken in a limiting sense, but is made merely for the purpose of illustrating the general principles of the invention. The scope of the invention is defined by the appended claims.

The condenser 6 (see FIG.1) with pipes 5 for the flow of cooling media is connected to steam or vapor input line 1 and discharges the condensation through line 7, a controlling device 2 with set point adjuster is installed on said line 1, a pressure controller 4 is connected to line 1 by link 3 and connected to the controlling device 2. When a portion of steam or vapor enters the condenser 6 through the open controlling device 2, the pressure in steam or vapor input line 1 is reduced. The pressure controller 4 compares the value of the pressure of steam or vapor input to the condenser 6 with the value assigned in the set point adjuster and, if that value is equal to the set point, it closes the controlling device 2. At the same time when the controlling device 2 is closed, the pressure in steam or vapor input line 1 is increased. If the value of the pressure of steam or vapor in said line 1 becomes equal to the value assigned in the set point adjuster, the controlling device 2 is opened.

According to the second embodiment of the present invention the condenser 6 (see FIG.2) with pipes 5 for the flow of cooling media is connected to steam or vapor input line 1 and discharges the condensation through line 7, a controlling device 2 with set point adjuster is installed on said line 1, a temperature controller 9 is connected to the line 1 by link 8 and is connected to the controlling device 2. When a portion of steam or vapor enters the condenser 6 through the open controlling device 2, the temperature in

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steam or vapor input line 1 is reduced. The temperature controller 9 compares the temperature level of steam or vapor input to the condenser 6 with the value assigned in the set point adjustment and, if the value is equal to the set point, closes the controlling device 2. At the same time when the controlling device 2 is closed, the temperature in said steam or vapor input line 1 is increased. If the value of the temperature of steam or vapor in said line 1 becomes equal to the value assigned in the set point adjustment, the controlling device 2 is opened.

According to the third embodiment of the present invention the condenser 6 (see FIG.3) with pipes 5 for the flow of cooling media is connected to steam or vapor input line 1 and discharges the condensation through line 7, a controlling device 2 with set point adjuster is installed on said line 1, a pressure controller 4 is connected to line 7 by link 10 and connected to the controlling device 2. When a portion of steam or vapor enters the condenser 6 through the open controlling device 2, the pressure in steam or vapor input line 1 is reduced. The pressure controller 4 compares the value of the pressure of condensation discharged from the condenser 6 with the value assigned in the set point adjuster and, if that value is equal to the set point, closes the controlling device 2. At the same time when the controlling device 2 is closed, the pressure in line 7 is reduced and the condensation from the condenser 6 is discharged off. If the value of the pressure of the condensation in said line 7 becomes equal to the value assigned in the set point adjuster, the controlling device 2 is opened.

According to the fourth embodiment of the present invention the condenser 6 (see FIG.4) with pipes 5 for the flow of cooling media is connected to line 1 and discharges the condensation through line 7, a controlling device 2 with set point adjuster is installed

Although the present invention has been described in terms of the preferred embodiment above, numerous modification and/or additions to the above-described preferred embodiment would be readily apparent to one skilled in the art. It is intended that the scope of the present invention extends to modifications and/or additions and that the scope of the present invention is limited solely by the claims set forth below.

1. The method of running a condenser for liquidation of steam or vapors having pipes and which is connected to the steam or vapor input line and to the line discharging condensation from said condenser, a controlling device installed on said steam or vapor input line, a pressure controller connected by a link to said steam or vapor input line and connected to said controlling device, said method consisting of the following steps:

- closing a controlling device when pressure in said steam or vapor input